### **State Funding**

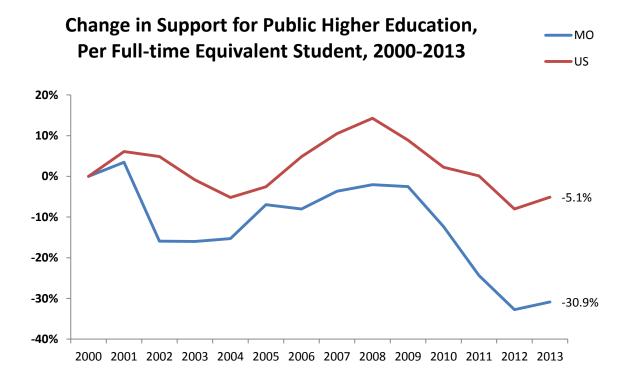
Funding for higher education comes from a variety of sources including state appropriations, tuition and fees, federal grants and private gifts.

In recent years, Missouri – like many states nationwide – has struggled to maintain adequate funding for its public higher education system. After several years of decline, state financial support for colleges and universities has seen some improvement in total state funding; however, funding remains below pre-recession levels in many states.

### Funding per full-time-equivalent student

While Missouri has fared better than a number of states in the percentage of change in total state higher education funding in recent years, the picture is quite different when considering state support for higher education per full-time equivalent (FTE) student.

Funding per FTE in Missouri has dropped from \$6,092 in 2000 to \$4,655 in 2013. The national average declined from \$6,488 in 2000 to \$6,172 in 2013.



Source: SHEO State Higher Education Funding Report

From 2007 to 2012, state support per FTE in Missouri decreased by more than 26 percent, ranking the state 39<sup>th</sup> among all states in the funding change per FTE. When compared with surrounding states, Missouri had the lowest state FTE funding in 2012.

State	Fiscal Year 2012 FTE Funding
Missouri	\$4,871
Arkansas	\$8,230
Illinois	\$5,375
Iowa	\$6,009
Kansas	\$6,110
Kentucky	\$8,240
Nebraska	\$8,411
Oklahoma	\$8,251
Tennessee	\$7, 693

### Total state funding

Total state support for higher education nationwide increased by 5.2 percent from Fiscal Year 2014 to Fiscal Year 2015, according to the annual Grapevine survey of state higher education institutions. Fiscal Year 2015 marked the second annual increase in state support for higher education after four consecutive years of either declines or marginal increases of less than 1 percent.

# State Fiscal Support for Higher Education, by State, Fiscal Years 2009-10, 2012-13, 2013-14, and 2014-15

State Fiscal Support for Higher Education (\$)									
	FY10	FY13	FY14	FY15					
	Total State Monies <sup>b</sup>	Total State Monies <sup>b</sup>	Total State Monies <sup>b</sup>	Total State Monies <sup>b</sup>	Change FY10-13	Change FY10-14	Change FY10-15		
Colorado	448,292,740	640,628,978	679,462,447	778,730,431	42.9%	51.6%	73.7%		
Illinois <sup>e</sup>	3,291,306,700	3,566,692,200	4,082,978,500	4,943,150,400	8.4%	24.1%	50.2%		
Massachusetts	978,455,022	1,255,182,474	1,342,072,529	1,462,827,301	28.3%	37.2%	49.5%		
Montana	171,513,849	202,187,817	226,961,354	240,959,102	17.9%	32.3%	40.5%		
North Dakota	311,677,000	343,805,783	409,693,640	409,693,640	10.3%	31.4%	31.4%		
Utah	687,172,600	748,759,000	798,346,200	887,761,300	9.0%	16.2%	29.2%		
Nevada	396,485,287	472,368,017	487,184,042	492,758,426	19.1%	22.9%	24.3%		
Wyoming	307,863,715	383,533,411	352,669,707	373,838,466	24.6%	14.6%	21.4%		
South Dakota	187,178,378	196,229,662	207,837,626	217,442,912	4.8%	11.0%	16.2%		
California	10,079,803,000	9,577,505,000	10,535,904,000	11,688,629,379	-5.0%	4.5%	16.0%		
Florida	3,665,468,805	3,338,709,070	3,925,291,451	4,226,714,318	-8.9%	7.1%	15.3%		
Alaska	333,414,600	369,797,900	384,666,000	382,551,600	10.9%	15.4%	14.7%		
Maryland	1,600,560,142	1,617,306,184	1,718,546,477	1,833,600,977	1.0%	7.4%	14.6%		
Idaho	352,038,900	360,070,800	374,642,100	401,454,400	2.3%	6.4%	14.0%		
Iowa	757,896,446	787,419,692	823,333,019	847,741,404	3.9%	8.6%	11.9%		
Nebraska	641,402,181	659,571,367	688,173,035	717,198,058	2.8%	7.3%	11.8%		
Georgia	2,608,182,991	2,624,294,318	2,790,040,144	2,897,661,906	0.6%	7.0%	11.1%		
Rhode Island	159,760,890	160,539,277	166,650,435	176,937,827	0.5%	4.3%	10.8%		
New York	4,989,423,971	5,113,034,854	5,283,125,597	5,466,691,712	2.5%	5.9%	9.6%		
Oregon	642,906,470	580,701,607	631,121,950	694,391,073	-9.7%	-1.8%	8.0%		

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Indiana	1,561,530,325	1,550,123,889	1,695,683,480	1,681,133,009	-0.7%	8.6%	7.7%
Ohio	1,996,929,750	2,050,123,177	2,104,931,061	2,133,970,812	2.7%	5.4%	6.9%
Kansas	753,700,801	795,346,375	771,121,325	803,124,160	5.5%	2.3%	6.6%
Texas	6,434,942,116	6,341,327,744	6,943,348,308	6,824,241,136	-1.5%	7.9%	6.0%
Hawaii	535,966,074	526,179,654	530,388,306	568,084,290	-1.8%	-1.0%	6.0%
Tennessee	1,490,811,500	1,455,168,883	1,587,786,604	1,579,203,336	-2.4%	6.5%	5.9%
Arkansas	938,155,057	1,015,018,606	1,001,496,233	991,527,821	8.2%	6.8%	5.7%
Missouri	980,392,703	931,239,665	954,236,519	1,032,061,214	-5.0%	-2.7%	5.3%
Connecticut	1,064,475,670	887,708,438	1,018,691,658	1,117,135,194	-16.6%	-4.3%	4.9%
South Carolina	924,525,616	910,405,772	909,110,205	970,219,549	-1.5%	-1.7%	4.9%
Maine	259,466,948	265,872,234	271,864,121	272,245,555	2.5%	4.8%	4.9%
Virginia	1,727,005,095	1,712,075,324	1,780,468,378	1,810,767,689	-0.9%	3.1%	4.9%
North Carolina	3,615,648,973	3,751,478,952	3,617,627,709	3,726,028,884	3.8%	0.1%	3.1%
New Jersey	2,009,930,000	1,888,439,000	1,990,469,000	2,070,674,000	-6.0%	-1.0%	3.0%
West Virginia	490,797,697	546,188,678	515,656,320	505,352,932	11.3%	5.1%	3.0%
Alabama	1,423,842,342	1,406,898,493	1,441,862,304	1,465,539,719	-1.2%	1.3%	2.9%
New Mexico	879,961,703	832,616,879	856,215,012	899,300,036	-5.4%	-2.7%	2.2%
Minnesota	1,428,896,000	1,285,247,000	1,394,503,000	1,445,822,000	-10.1%	-2.4%	1.2%
Washington	1,572,442,000	1,372,858,000	1,570,807,000	1,580,750,000	-12.7%	-0.1%	0.5%
Mississippi	1,006,477,155	924,952,654	973,846,876	1,009,235,634	-8.1%	-3.2%	0.3%
Delaware	226,645,560	216,492,700	227,606,200	226,594,100	-4.5%	0.4%	0.0%
Vermont	93,255,052	89,340,755	92,686,200	91,637,327	-4.2%	-0.6%	-1.7%
Michigan	1,837,465,800	1,608,824,500	1,669,524,700	1,784,194,800	-12.4%	-9.1%	-2.9%
Kentucky	1,216,116,198	1,187,665,803	1,194,881,285	1,171,138,600	-2.3%	-1.7%	-3.7%
Wisconsin	1,247,696,524	1,163,226,571	1,114,018,800	1,194,317,083	-6.8%	-10.7%	-4.3%
Oklahoma	1,120,981,805	1,044,735,666	1,053,566,920	1,049,486,716	-6.8%	-6.0%	-6.4%
New Hampshire	138,883,000	85,622,352	109,000,000	123,155,000	-38.3%	-21.5%	-11.3%
Pennsylvania	1,871,695,000	1,632,655,000	1,644,692,000	1,658,992,000	-12.8%	-12.1%	-11.4%
Louisiana	1,303,919,738	1,174,061,988	1,125,250,832	1,131,183,764	-10.0%	-13.7%	-13.2%
Arizona	1,088,756,400	843,251,300	880,468,000	915,770,300	-22.5%	-19.1%	-15.9%
Totals	73,852,116,289	72,493,483,464	76,950,508,609	80,973,621,292	-1.8%	4.2%	9.6%

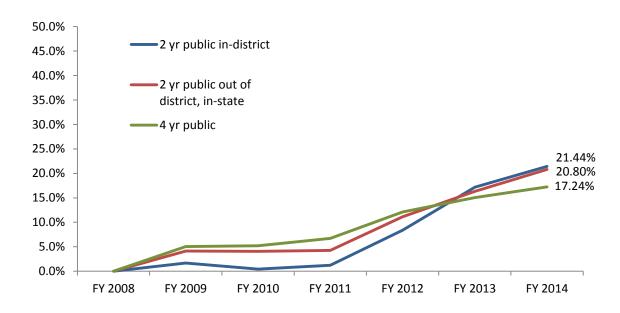
Source: Grapevine survey, Center for the Study of Education Policy, University of Illinois

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>FY2015 figures on state support for higher education represent initial allocations and estimates reported by the states from September through December 2014 and are subject to change. Data for FY10, FY13, and FY14 may have been revised from figures reported previously in Grapevine. <sup>b</sup>State monies include state tax appropriations and other state funds allocated to higher education. <sup>c</sup>Includes education stabilization funds used to restore the level of state support for public higher education. <sup>d</sup>Excludes government services funds used for modernization, renovation, or repair. <sup>e</sup>Includes rapidly increasing appropriations made to the State Universities Retirement System (SURS) in Illinois to address the historical underfunding of pension programs. State appropriations to SURS in FY15 totaled to \$1,548,659,500.

#### **Tuition**

In recent years, Missouri's public colleges and universities have had some of the lowest tuition increases in the nation, but as state support for higher education declined, tuition and fees have increased.

## Average Percentage Change in Tuition and Fees for Full-Time\* Students, 2008 to 2014



### **Higher Education Student Funding Act**

Tuition rates are established by the governing board of each Missouri public higher education institution; however, legislation approved in 2007 sets a limit on how much an institution can increase its tuition based on the increase in the consumer price index and each institutions' existing tuition in relation to average tuition.

Under the Higher Education Student Funding Act, higher education Institutions that increase tuition above the limits established each year must either return a portion of their state appropriations to the state or request that the commissioner of higher education waive the financial penalty in whole or in part.



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